

## Practice Questions

### Language Skills

1. **Magna animalia amamus.**

A) You love    B) They love    C) She loves    D) We love

2. **Claudius et Iulius ex silva ambulant.**

A) out of    B) into    C) around    D) through

3. **Multae villae erant pulchrae.**

A) was    B) were    C) are    D) is

4. **The astronauts watched the moon.**

A) lunam    B) luna    C) lunarum    D) lunae

5. **Quid vides?**

A) How    B) What    C) Who    D) Where

6. **In templis deorum sunt multae statuae.**

A) toward the gods    B) with the gods    C) of the gods    D) from the gods

7. **Dea aquam mihi dabat.**

A) to me    B) of me    C) from me    D) with me

8. **Mea soror fabulam bene narrabat.**

A) quick    B) well    C) clearly    D) badly

Class work

**9. Tuus frater trans rivum natabit.**

A) will swim    B) swims    C) was swimming    D) swam

**10. Picturae in villa Romana erant \_\_\_\_\_.**

A) pulchrarum    B) pulchram    C) pulchrae    D) pulchris

**11. Hodie in agro laboras.**

A) you are working    B) he is working    C) they are working    D) we are working

**12. Quid Marcus ad scholam portat?**

A) Where    B) Who    C) How many    D) What

**13. Cur filius in horto erat?**

A) are    B) will be    C) was    D) will be

**14. Discipulus stilum et \_\_\_\_\_ habet.**

A) tabula    B) tabulam    C) tabulae    D) tabulis

**15. In via sunt \_\_\_\_\_ villae.**

A) magnas    B) magnarum    C) magnis    D) magnae

## Vocabulary and Derivation

**16. The abbreviation e.g. means**

A) for example    B) and the rest    C) that is    D) note well

Class work

**17. Equine refers to a**

- A) sheep    B) horse    C) bird    D) dog

**18. If you behave in a circumspect manner, you are**

- A) clever and tricky    B) bold and brave    C) watchful and careful    D) fearless and firm

**19. Which of the following expressions means “after death”?**

- A) post scriptum    B) post meridiem    C) post mortem    D) post bellum

## Culture and Mythology

**20. Who is the ruler of the Olympians?**

- A) Pluto    B) Neptune    C) Jupiter    D) Bacchus

**21. The year 1995 in Roman numerals is:**

- A) MCMXLV    B) MMCV    C) MCMXCV    D) MDCCLV

**22. Venus was the goddess of**

- A) war and wisdom    B) trade and commerce    C) oceans and rivers    D) love and beauty

**23. Why would a Roman go to the Colosseum?**

- A) to pray to the gods    B) to buy food    C) to take a bath    D) to watch gladiatorial games

## Derivatives, Culture and Mythology

**24. Horticulture is the cultivation of**

- A) plants    B) fish    C) animals    D) insects

Class work

**25. The Roman numeral for 100 is**

A) D   B) L   C) X   D) C

**26. Oculist and binocular come from the Latin word which means**

A) eye   B) ear   C) forehead   D) neck

**27. Romans would go to the \_\_\_\_\_ to buy and sell goods and to listen to political speeches.**

A) Templum   B) Colosseum   C) Tiber   D) Forum

**28. Pluto stole Proserpina and took her to his kingdom**

A) on Mount Olympus   B) in the Mediterranean Sea   C) in the underworld   D) in the sky

**29. The Roman numeral for 500 is**

A) D   B) L   C) X   D) C

**30. Collar and column come from the Latin word which means**

A) eye   B) ear   C) forehead   D) neck

**31. Romans would go to the \_\_\_\_\_ to swim, bathe, and relax.**

A) Latrinae   B) Thermae   C) Tabernae   D) Forum

**32. The Roman goddess of the home and fireplace.**

A) Hera   B) Hestia   C) Vesta   D) Minerva

## Duo Romani Fratres

*Two brothers have an adventure in Rome.*

- 1 Duo fratres, Claudius et Iulius, ambulant in via
  - 2 ad Forum. In Foro pater Claudii et Iuli filios
  - 3 exspectat. Pater in Curia laborat quod senator Curia = the senate house
  - 4 est. Pueri templa et viros in via spectant.
  - 5 Subito Iulius clamat, "Videsne, Claudii, magnum
  - 6 leonem?" "Video leonem," dicit Claudius. "Ego
  - 7 territus sum quod leo ex Colosseo fugit." Subito fugit = has fled
  - 8 quattuor servi in viam currunt et clamant,
  - 9 "Ubi est leo?" Claudius et Iulius servis dicunt,
  - 10 "Leo est ante templum Iovis." Servi ad templum Iovis = of Jupiter
  - 11 currunt et leonem capiunt. Nunc leo iterum est capiunt = capture
  - 12 in Colosseo. Itaque fratres ad Curiam ambulant
  - 13 et patri fabulam de leone narrant. de - about
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**33. Where are the boys (lines 1 and 2)?**

- A) in the Forum   B) on the road   C) at the senate house   D) in the field

**34. Why are the brothers going to the Forum (lines 2 and 3)?**

- A) to meet their friends   B) to see the Colosseum   C) to meet their father   D) to work in the senate house

**35. Ubi pater laborat?**

- A) in via   B) in Colosseo   C) post leonem   D) in Curia

**36. Why is Claudius afraid (lines 6 and 7)?**

A) he cannot find his brother   B) his father is angry   C) he sees a lion   D) it is getting dark

**37. Cur servi in viam currunt?**

A) to capture the lion   B) to look at the Colosseum   C) to find the brothers   D) to see the senators

**38. Ubi est leo (line 10)?**

A) in the Colosseum   B) outside the Forum   C) near the senate house   D) in front of the temple

**39. What happens to the lion?**

A) he is killed by the slaves   B) the slaves take him back to the Colosseum   C) he chases the boys   D) he escapes to Africa

**40. Quis fabulam de leone audit (lines 12 and 13)?**

A) pater   B) fratres   C) servi   D) leo